

Structure

1. Which is correct?
 1. Both apple is rotten.
 2. Either plan seem realistic.
 3. Either of the policies is acceptable.
 4. A great many student is registering for EN 101.
2. A life expectancy is greater than

1. woman; a man	2. woman; man
3. woman's; a man	4. woman's; a man's
3. too tight.

1. His jean is	2. Her jeans are
3. This jean is	4. These jeans is
4. are small animals.

1. Poultry	2. Vermin
3. Cattle	4. Cows
5. She's going to buy

1. down light	2. a down lights
3. a down light	4. none is correct
6. Only deserve the fair.

1. a brave	2. the brave
3. a brave man	4. brave man
7. My son applied for to MIT.

1. admit	2. admitted
3. admitting	4. admission
8. Plato was a philosopher. He was born in

1. Greece; Greek	2. Greek; Greece
3. Greece; Greece	4. Greek; Greek

17. I gave my address and he gave me
- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 1. him; himself | 2. him; his |
| 3. he; his | 4. he; him |
18. A: Whose shoes are these?
B: They're
- | | |
|---------|------------|
| 1. John | 2. John's |
| 3. her | 4. himself |
19. It's a nice camera. Is it?
- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1. him | 2. her |
| 3. our | 4. his |
20. John is lecturer but sister is nurse.
- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. the; her; the | 2. the; his; the |
| 3. a; his; a | 4. a; her; a |
21. I want that Please give to me.
- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. book; one | 2. book; it |
| 3. books; then | 4. books; ones |
22. I don't understand why you always feel everything.
- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1. bored in | 2. bored with |
| 3. boring with | 4. boring by |
23. I like
- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. that old Spanish song | 2. old that Spanish song |
| 3. that old song Spanish | 4. that Spanish old song |
24. My daughter is than yours.
- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. more old | 2. more older |
| 3. older | 4. oldest |
25. When you find something funny, you are it.
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1. amused; by | 2. amusing; by |
| 3. amused; to | 4. amusing; to |

26. England.....Belgium.
1. played
 2. played on
 3. played against
 4. Both 1+3 are correct.
27. Which is not an *intransitive verb*?
1. Jane posted a letter for me.
 2. The baby is crying.
 3. He drives to his office everyday.
 4. The concert started at 8.00 pm.
28. John cashed a chequehis wife and reserved tickets for a concert
..... her.
1. for, for
 2. with, to
 3. at, at
 4. to, to
29. Which contains an *indirect object*?
1. Cheetahs run at an enormous speed.
 2. Some new doors squeak loudly.
 3. Joe fixed the radio for me.
 4. He has promised his wife a trip to France.
30. Her husband always listensher and relies.....her.
1. to, with
 2. with, on
 3. to, on
 4. at, at
31. Which is *incorrect*?
1. The door opened automatically.
 2. The gold price increased.
 3. She apologized for being late.
 4. This soup smells well.

32. Which item does not contain a *linking verb*?
1. Gold always remains valuable.
 2. She seemed happy because of the exam result.
 3. She stays healthy at the age of 85.
 4. A lot of people waited for a bus.
33. Which is *not* a request?
1. Can you wait a moment, please?
 2. Can you all get ready to go?
 3. Can Mary speak four languages?
 4. Can you please be quiet?
34. He didn't phone us. His telephone
- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. may break | 2. might break |
| 3. may have broken | 4. All are correct. |
35. Kenout tonight but he is unsure.
- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. go | 2. will go |
| 3. may go | 4. able to go |
36. Philipmarry Jane because he was very poor.
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. is able not to | 2. was able not to |
| 3. wasn't able to | 4. can't |
37. Yousee a doctor if you are sick.
- | | |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. ought to | 2. shall |
| 3. ought | 4. will |
38. Which is an *offer*?
1. Would you like coffee?
 2. May I get you coffee?
 3. Can I get you coffee?
 4. All are correct.

39. Youmake a loud noise in a hospital.
1. have to not
 2. not have to
 3. must not
 4. must not to
40. It is better to avoid.....during the rush hours.
1. travel
 2. travels
 3. travelling
 4. travelled
41. Many mothers have trouble.....with their teenage children.
1. deals
 2. dealing
 3. dealt
 4. to deal
42. The boss let all of us.....a day off.
1. has
 2. have
 3. having
 4. had
43. John neglectedhis wife a birthday present.
1. give
 2. gave
 3. to give
 4. giving
44. Diabetes compelled Janeon a special diet.
1. to go
 2. go
 3. goes
 4. gone
45. Tom has now stopped because his son requested him to do so.
1. smokes
 2. to smoke
 3. smoked
 4. smoking
46. Which is correct?
1. Paracetamol helps relieve pain.
 2. Paracetamol helps to relieve pain.
 3. Paracetamol helps us relieve pain.
 4. All are correct.

47. He always looks.....but today he has.....dressed himself as a woman.
- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. manly, purposely | 2. manly, purpose |
| 3. man, purpose | 4. man, purposely |
48. There are twoEnglish newspapers in Thailand.
- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. day | 2. days |
| 3. daily | 4. dailies |
49. It ishot in summer so touristscome to Thailand at this time of the year.
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. awful, hard | 2. awfully, hard |
| 3. awfully, hardly | 4. awful, hardly |
50. A house with answimming pool is costly.
- | | |
|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. outdoor | 2. outdoorly |
| 3. outdoors | 4. All are correct. |
51. Two-thirds of the birds _____ sold.
- | | |
|--------|--------------|
| 1. was | 2. has been |
| 3. is | 4. have been |
52. In the garden _____ many benches.
- | | |
|---------|--------|
| 1. has | 2. are |
| 3. have | 4. is |
53. Tim, as well as his brothers, _____ diligently.
- | | |
|----------|----------------|
| 1. works | 2. have worked |
| 3. work | 4. are working |
54. A peanut butter and jelly sandwich _____ his favorite snack.
- | | |
|---------|--------|
| 1. have | 2. are |
| 3. is | 4. has |
55. Neither Urai nor her relatives _____ Spanish.
- | | |
|-----------------|------------|
| 1. has studied | 2. study |
| 3. was studying | 4. studies |

65. The manager _____ was fired had mismanaged the company's budget.
1. who
 2. whose
 3. whom
 4. which
66. Tom would have been selected Man of the Year _____ he had been taller.
1. unless
 2. when
 3. if
 4. after
67. The building _____ was torn down contained seventy floors.
1. where
 2. which
 3. when
 4. what
68. _____ he will pass the exam depends on how hard he tries.
1. Unless
 2. However
 3. Where
 4. Whether
69. The woman _____ daughter won the contest yesterday fainted.
1. whose
 2. whom
 3. who
 4. which
70. What time did you _____ the theater?
1. arrive to
 2. arrive at
 3. arrive
 4. arrive on
71. Which is a sentence?
1. What a beautiful garden!
 2. Jerry coming home late.
 3. What you heard.
 4. Flying dangerously.
72. Which is a complete sentence?
1. As the manager said.
 2. According to the doctor's report.
 3. When she swam.
 4. Beautifully, she walked away.

73. Which is a simple sentence?

- 1. John studying hard.**
- 2. Jack is a tennis player and James is a superstar.**
- 3. Turn on the radio, please.**
- 4. Joyce walks as if she were a model.**

74. Which sentence is correct?

- 1. The water runs deeply.**
- 2. The dog barks loud.**
- 3. The cake smells well.**
- 4. Johns understands the lesson perfectly.**

75. Which sentence is correct?

- 1. It rained all night long.**
- 2. He drove dangerous.**
- 3. The flowers looked beautifully.**
- 4. The old people went firstly.**

แบบทดสอบ ชุดที่ 1

Vocabulary

76. My secretary **hesitated** for a moment before saying "yes."
1. hurried
 2. considered
 3. scurried around
 4. paused
77. He was by fatigue and weakness.
1. doubted
 2. plagued
 3. puzzled
 4. pleased
78. We have very clear evidence about the drug's in preventing serious effects of infection.
1. reign
 2. role
 3. process
 4. procedure
79. President Clinton is Bush's
1. predecessor
 2. precentor
 3. possessor
 4. precedent
80. The chairman came late the heavy rain.
1. due to
 2. according to
 3. because
 4. though
81. At last, she decided to **enrol** in an interior design degree course at London's Royal College of Art.
1. register
 2. apply
 3. enlist
 4. roll
82. Jim is a very lad. He makes determined efforts to overcome his difficulties.
1. ambitious
 2. stubborn
 3. successful
 4. charming

83. Ten people have been killed during a in Manila.
- | | |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. rival | 2. riot |
| 3. ceremony | 4. march |
84. She made many to give her brothers and sisters a good education.
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. sacraments | 2. sacrifices |
| 3. securities | 4. relations |
85. The sunlight **lit** the walls with yellow light.
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. strengthened | 2. illuminated |
| 3. lubricated | 4. smoothed out |
86. His religious **faith** is reflected in his poems.
- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. confidence | 2. certainty |
| 3. belief and trust | 4. fate and power |
87. Matilda showed her **strength** in overcoming the difficulty.
- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. conflict | 2. confidence |
| 3. discouragement | 4. determination |
88. Bangkok is considered because it's a big city.
- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. maximum | 2. metropolitan |
| 3. ambitious | 4. unaffected |
89. There is a(n) of garbage in front of her house and it stinks.
- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1. session | 2. borough |
| 3. confluence | 4. abundance |
90. John seems to have _____ energy: he never looks tired.
- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1. curious | 2. primarily |
| 3. limitless | 4. influential |
91. Jane **did not show up** at the meeting point: _____.
- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. she did not dance | 2. somebody saw her |
| 3. she did not come | 4. she did not appear happy |

92. For Thai people, the King's words are _____: they listen to him and behave according to his advice.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1. influential | 2. mysterious |
| 3. predictive | 4. descent |

93. Jim and Jack are *fellow* musicians: _____.

1. they belong to the same music band
2. they teach music
3. they always follow each other
4. they always go to the same place

94. Joe is doing two jobs at a time in order to _____ his financial needs.

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. document | 2. look up |
| 3. fulfill | 4. arrange |

95. _____ on the computer if you want to read a news summary in *Bangkok Post*.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. Look up | 2. Make up of |
| 3. Utter | 4. Open |

96. This printing house's policy is *efficiency*; _____.

1. your book will be printed in another two years' time
2. you may have to pay a lot
3. you can have your book printed in two weeks
4. the printing itself is very costly

97. During the last five minutes of the football match, Ronaldo _____ the goal and scored.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. pleased | 2. fulfilled |
| 3. concluded | 4. aimed at |

98. As a housewife with three small children, Malee wants to earn some money.

Thus, she has taken a _____ job in the afternoon as a cashier in a supermarket.

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1. full-time | 2. influential |
| 3. part-time | 4. independent |

99. After a week, Jane got used to the Thai climate; _____.

1. she complained about it a lot
2. she knew what to wear
3. she did not have to stay in an air-conditioned room all the time.
4. Both 2 and 3 are correct.

100. A person who is invited to preside over a ceremony must know the _____ of opening the ceremony.

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. manners | 2. etiquette |
| 3. methods | 4. values |

101. At a wedding reception, guests show a(an) _____ of goodwill to the bride and the bridegroom.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. beliefs | 2. expression |
| 3. custom | 4. Value |

102. The media's comments were **compelling**; the overweight girl was given a seat to study nursing.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. convincing | 2. preventive |
| 3. postponed | 4. continuously |

103. Because of the storm, the flight was _____ until ten o'clock.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. boosted | 2. built up |
| 3. postponed | 4. prevented |

104. Self-sufficient economy will bring continuous _____ to Thailand.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| 1. sources | 2. failure |
| 3. documentation | 4. benefits |

105. There are many graduates each year, so the job market is _____.
1. excellent
 2. tightening
 3. rattling
 4. meaningful
106. Nowadays people tend to _____ in everything in order to survive.
1. compete
 2. camp
 3. confide
 4. concoct
107. _____ is the term used to refer to intellectuals.
1. Eggplants
 2. Eggshells
 3. Eggs
 4. Eggheads
108. We need to consider many _____ of the project before we make any decision.
1. stereotypes
 2. parties
 3. aspects
 4. affairs
109. We are closely _____ in a research project supported by the university.
1. turned
 2. neglected
 3. involved
 4. acquired
110. The traffic grew heavier when we _____ the accident area.
1. appeared
 2. approached
 3. concocted
 4. conceived
111. The story of Rama and Sita is a _____ that most girls enjoy reading.
1. poem
 2. biography
 3. ballad
 4. myth
112. The organization for abused children asks for _____ of financial support from current members and other philanthropists.
1. continuance
 2. assessment
 3. achievement
 4. conservation

113. His part-time job as a disc jockey _____ his grades; he failed.
1. illuminated
 2. perfected
 3. strengthened
 4. affected
114. They _____ his applause as acceptance of the performance.
1. invented
 2. manipulated
 3. interpreted
 4. eradicated
115. Graduate students need to pass a _____ examination before they can start writing a Master's paper.
1. comprehensive
 2. comprehensible
 3. agreeable
 4. promotional
116. His anger is _____ through his eyes.
1. iconic
 2. reflected
 3. demonic
 4. perplexed
117. The man promised his girlfriend to give her _____ love.
1. luring
 2. geological
 3. surfacing
 4. eternal
118. Nurses are shown how to _____ the patients' bed sheets.
1. fold
 2. pang
 3. crust
 4. erupt
119. He _____ the heavy rocks into the river far below.
1. fertilized
 2. heaved
 3. collapsed
 4. explained
120. His anger _____ when he caught her red-handed having an affair.
1. collapsed
 2. tilted
 3. erupted
 4. compressed

แบบทดสอบ ชุดที่ 2

Structure

1. Which one is correct?
 1. Each plan is unique.
 2. Either policies are realistic.
 3. Neither solution are acceptable.
 4. Every people are afraid of the dead.
2. A: Who's Jim?
B: He's
 1. Mary friend
 2. Mary's cousin
 3. a fiance of Mary
 4. one of Mary's boyfriend
3. Give to your wife.
 1. a regard
 2. my regard
 3. our regards
 4. regard
4. are looking for the lost car.
 1. My relative
 2. My cousin
 3. The police
 4. The suspect
5. A pizza with is my favorite food.
 1. a tomato
 2. tomato
 3. tomatoes
 4. some tomatoes
6. die young.
 1. A good
 2. The good
 3. Good man
 4. A good man
7. After a brief about the accident they returned to the subject of music.
 1. inquire
 2. inquired
 3. inquiring
 4. inquiry
8. Kristers is a famous tennis player. She comes from
 1. Belgium, Belgium
 2. Belgium; Belgian
 3. Belgian; Belgian
 4. Belgian; Belgium

9. You can have of this cake but not all of it.
- | | |
|---------|-----------|
| 1. any | 2. none |
| 3. some | 4. either |
10. I didn't know about the meeting. told me.
- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. Nobody | 2. Someone |
| 3. Anybody | 4. Anyone |
11. He hasn't got to talk to.
- | | |
|-----------|-------------|
| 1. nobody | 2. somebody |
| 3. anyone | 4. anything |
12. We've got cheese but we haven't got bread.
- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1. some; some | 2. some; any |
| 3. any; any | 4. any; some |
13. A: Which cigarettes are?
B: on the table.
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. yours; The ones | 2. yours; Ones |
| 3. your; The ones | 4. you; Ones |
14. A: Can you play flute?
B: No, I can play saxophone.
- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. the; the | 2. blank; blank |
| 3. a; a | 4. blank; the |
15. Who is President of United States?
- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| 1. blank; the | 2. the; the |
| 3. a; a | 4. a; blank |
16. Do you want cup of coffee?
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. blank; blank | 2. blank; the |
| 3. a; a | 4. a; blank |

17. Did they pay for or did you pay for?
- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. themselves; them | 2. them; themselves |
| 3. themselves; them | 4. them; themselves |
18. A: money is this?
B: It's mine.
- | | |
|----------|-----------------|
| 1. Which | 2. Whose |
| 3. What | 4. What kind of |
19. Are people friends of?
- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. those; you | 2. those; yours |
| 3. that; them | 4. these; him |
20. Thank you for letter. It was good to hear from you again.
- | | |
|---------|----------|
| 1. his | 2. her |
| 3. your | 4. their |
21. That film is of all.
- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. most funny | 2. funnier |
| 3. funniest | 4. the funniest |
22. He's
- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. a nice intelligent young man | 2. nice an intelligent young man |
| 3. an intelligent nice young man | 4. a nice intelligent man young |
23. like to eat well.
- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. French | 2. The French |
| 3. A French | 4. France |
24. I was not to get the job.
- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. disappointing | 2. disappointed |
| 3. disappoint | 4. disappointment |
25. I want those Please give to me.
- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| 1. books; them | 2. book; it |
| 3. books; ones | 4. book; one |

26. Jane.....wonderful andlike a filmstar.
- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. appeared, looked | 2. wanted,took |
| 3. came, appointed | 4. made,branded |
27. Which contains a *direct object*?
1. This book belongs to the library.
 2. I walked down the garden with her.
 3. He delivered food to a customer.
 4. The medical bill amounted to 20,000 baht.
28. Which *does not* contain a *transitive verb*?
1. Enjoy yourself while you are still young.
 2. James always nibbles at an apple every afternoon.
 3. The police arrested the three robbers.
 4. The economy is getting better.
29. Which has an object complement?
1. Her whole body ached after exercising.
 2. The company appointed Jim chairman.
 3. He worked in a fast food restaurant.
 4. The audience dispersed after the show finished.
30. She.....happy after she heard the good news.
- | | |
|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. seemed | 2. felt |
| 3. appeared | 4. All are correct. |
31. Which is *incorrect*?
1. He painted his bedroom green.
 2. A close look at blood can turn his face white.
 3. All of the villagers elected John leader.
 4. The noodles tasted deliciously.

32. Regular exercise can lead.....good health.
- | | |
|--------|---------|
| 1. to | 2. with |
| 3. for | 4. on |
33. I can't knit. You should ask Ann. Sheknit.
- | | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 1. may can | 2. may will |
| 3. may be able to | 4. will can |
34. The weather forecast says that it isn't going to rain. You.....take an umbrella with you.
- | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. needn't | 2. have not to |
| 3. don't need to | 4. Both 1+3 are correct. |
35. Children.....speak to strangers.
- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| 1. mustn't | 2. couldn't |
| 3. don't have to | 4. may not |
36. To get a good seat, you.....book in advance.
- | | |
|------------|---------------------|
| 1. must | 2. have got to |
| 3. have to | 4. all are correct. |
37.Susan go to school?
- | | |
|------------|---------|
| 1. Has to | 2. Do |
| 3. Have to | 4. Must |
38. Which is a *request*?
1. Can you do me a favour?
 2. Could you do me a favour?
 3. Would you please do me a favour?
 4. All are correct.
39. Hehere by now, but I haven't seen him.
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. ought to have been | 2. ought have been |
| 3. ought to be | 4. should to be |

40. John was disappointed.....any bonus.
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. to not receive | 2. not receiving |
| 3. not to receive | 4. did not receive |
41. He was.....proud.....for help.
- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. too, to ask | 2. enough, to ask |
| 3. too, asking | 4. enough, asking |
42. Nobody could explain the speaker's failure
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. showed up | 2. showing up |
| 3. to show up | 4. show up |
43. Ramkhamhaeng University's aim is education to all.
- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. to offer | 2. offered |
| 3. offers | 4. offer |
44. Part-time jobs help childrenused toa little money.
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. to get, making | 2. getting, making |
| 2. get, make | 4. getting, make |
45. He encouraged his childrentennis when they were little.
- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. to play | 2. played |
| 3. play | 4. playing |
46. Which is incorrect?
1. Do you fancy playing chess this afternoon?
 2. The lorry driver admitted driving too fast.
 3. He always avoids to travel during the rush hour.
 4. Don't risk walking in the dark on your own.
47. The government wouldlike to get rid of illegal drugs.
- | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| 1. very much | 2. much |
| 3. very | 4. Both 1+2 are correct. |

48. The houses in the village were.....damaged by the flood.
- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. very | 2. utter |
| 3. badly | 4. extreme |
49. Could you please speak a littleslowly?
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. more | 2. very |
| 3. most | 4. even |
50. Susan doesn't work asshe used to.
- | | |
|------------|----------------|
| 1. hard as | 2. the hardest |
| 3. harder | 4. so hard |
51. On the wall _____ three paintings.
- | | |
|---------|--------|
| 1. has | 2. is |
| 3. have | 4. are |
52. We _____ climbing for two hours.
- | | |
|---------|--------------|
| 1. have | 2. have been |
| 3. are | 4. had |
53. Malee or her colleagues _____ complaints.
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. has filed | 2. was filing |
| 3. have filed | 4. is filing |
54. Spaghetti and meatballs _____ a lot of fat.
- | | |
|------------------------|-------------|
| 1. have contained | 2. contain |
| 3. has been containing | 4. contains |
55. Two-fifths of the watermelon _____ eaten.
- | | |
|--------------|---------|
| 1. has been | 2. are |
| 3. have been | 4. were |
56. Both flower vases _____ broken.
- | | |
|-------------|---------|
| 1. has been | 2. was |
| 3. is | 4. were |

66. The lecturer _____ class is always full tells a lot of jokes.
1. which
 2. whose
 3. whom
 4. who
67. Kanda enjoys reading _____ her husband prefers watching TV.
1. while
 2. when
 3. since
 4. until
68. John got a scholarship to further his studies _____ he was so diligent.
1. if
 2. unless
 3. although
 4. since
69. He was shot _____ he got out of the car.
1. unless
 2. if
 3. as soon as
 4. until
70. Which is a simple sentence?
1. Swimming quickly.
 2. Because I love you.
 3. Go away!
 4. John went away since he had no time.
71. Which is a sentence?
1. Be patient!
 2. Arriving here late.
 3. On the branches sitting quietly.
 4. When it rained.
72. Which is a complete sentence?
1. A series of talks scheduled every day.
 2. Ben Johnson a tennis player who finished the first.
 3. After he left.
 4. The bird flew away.
73. Which sentence is correct?
1. He drove fastly.
 2. He stayed up late.
 2. They played fairly.
 4. He worked hardly.

74. Jane _____ his mother in the crowd.

1. looked about

2. looked out

3. looked for

4. looked

75. Which sentence is correct?

1. He jumped highly.

2. He likes to get up last.

3. He acted wrong.

4. We bow lowly to the old people.

แบบทดสอบ ชุดที่ 2

Vocabulary

76. Mr. And Mrs. Smith are an **unaffected**, charming couple.
1. not changed
 2. undignified
 3. genuine behavior
 4. friendly and likable
77. Thailand is enjoying a new area of peace and these days.
1. crackdown
 2. prosperity
 3. suppression
 4. economic collapse
78. She delivered her speech in Spanish without any **self-doubt**.
1. suspect
 2. individuality
 3. lack of confidence
 4. lack of certainty
79. Liz tried hard to win Jim's **affection**.
1. fondness
 2. likeness
 3. affirmation
 4. adoration
80. My sister is a well **respected** member of the international community.
1. ingenuous
 2. famous
 3. adored and trusted
 4. admired and important
81. Somsri her living by writing novels.
1. performs
 2. arranges
 3. manages
 4. earns
82. Liza is greatly **superior** to her husband in terms of her education.
1. restricted
 2. higher
 3. superficial
 4. superb
83. The **assassination** of her husband has been thoroughly investigated.
1. association
 2. assignment
 3. killing accidentally
 4. murder by sudden attack

84. We should go forth to keep up the pace of economic growth.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1. go forward | 2. go straight |
| 3. continue | 4. proceed |

85. My son shrank back when she tried to talk to him.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. showed | 2. shrugged |
| 3. shifted | 4. moved |

86. To protect trade union rights is his latest endeavor.

- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| 1. attempt | 2. energy |
| 3. hesitation | 4. promise |

87. When I do something wrong, I usually have a guilty

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. conscience | 2. connection |
| 3. affect | 4. mentality |

88. The Bronx is considered one of the five of New York City.

- | | |
|---------------|------------------|
| 1. boroughs | 2. hesitation |
| 3. properties | 4. uncertainties |

89. The boat was sailing along the waterway when a storm arose.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1. water sprout | 2. water supply |
| 3. water vapor | 4. channel for water |

90. One main characteristic of a good scientist is

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1. curiosity | 2. uncertainty |
| 3. hesitation | 4. manner |

91. After the talk, the speaker asked for _____ from the audience to see what they thought.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. comments | 2. affection |
| 3. channels | 4. reward |

92. Although she is an American citizen, Susan is Swedish by

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 1. conclusion | 2. property |
| 3. relationship | 4. descent |

93. Some Malays have dual *citizenship*: _____.
1. they are both Thai and Malay.
 2. they have two passports.
 3. they are influential people.
 4. they have power.
94. This sportscar is *costly*; I can't afford it.
1. expensive
 2. low-priced
 3. a waste of time
 4. paid
95. At the end of two-hour lecture, the teacher _____ what she had said in one sentence.
1. enrolled
 2. involved
 3. performed
 4. concluded
96. Winning the World cup 2002 is a *triumph* for all Brazilians.
1. victory
 2. courage
 3. efficiency
 4. disappointment
97. Jane's talent in learning languages is obvious: _____.
1. she can speak 8 languages
 2. she is a good translator
 3. she is a linguist
 4. she has done research in Asian languages
98. It is _____ to find a seven-year-old child that is able to play many kinds of musical instrument.
1. unusual
 2. responsible
 3. ordinary
 4. familiar

99. If you are interested in traditional Thai music, you can apply to be a _____ of the Traditional Thai Music and Performing Arts Club of Ramkhamhaeng University.

- 1. player
- 2. customer
- 3. follower
- 4. member

100. Many young people _____ go on to further their education.

- 1. choose between
- 2. realize
- 3. opt to
- 4. pay for

101. Almost all students _____ their graduation day.

- 1. look forward to
- 2. want
- 3. look for
- 4. look after

102. Asthma (โรคหอบหืด) is a _____ disease.

- 1. contagious
- 2. continuous
- 3. chronic
- 4. contemporary

103. A good company should respond to a customer's complaint **immediately**.

- 1. costly
- 2. at once
- 3. usually
- 4. previously

104. A person who studies a particular subject or skill and knows a lot about it is called a _____.

- 1. professional
- 2. economist
- 3. pianist
- 4. specialist

105. These cars are _____; they are designed for the rich only.

- 1. prestigious
- 2. conceptual
- 3. disadvantageous
- 4. conceivable

106. For cashiers _____ is the main qualification.

- 1. level
- 2. charm
- 3. continuity
- 4. honesty

107. James' parents gave a marvelous party on his graduation.
1. recession
 2. succession
 3. occasion
 4. Commencement
108. Villagers in remote regions hold on to the _____ of strangers that they have held for generations.
1. societies
 2. stereotypes
 3. prospects
 4. degrees
109. The school _____ the students' involvement in drugs as a serious problem.
1. supports
 2. views
 3. surprises
 4. volunteers
110. The holiday they had in Nepal was _____; they enjoyed it so much.
1. terrific
 2. terrifying
 3. terrible
 4. tattered
111. Teachers _____ their students to learn by showing French movies once a week.
1. motivated
 2. maximized
 3. modified
 4. mowed
112. The characters in his books are portrayed realistically.
1. depicted
 2. concerned
 3. put up with
 4. compared
113. We have to _____ what we can do with the project if we get the money.
1. speculate
 2. eradicate
 3. compensate
 4. create
114. A new series of robots has been _____ to help out in the toy factory.
1. construed
 2. manned
 3. pondered
 4. devised

115. Busts of angels are _____ of religion in that village.

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. romantic | 2. ideal |
| 3. iconic | 4. stylish |

116. They claimed that he was not _____ when committing a crime.

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1. conscious | 2. rebellious |
| 3. serious | 4. descriptive |

117. One could hear the mother hippopotamus' birth _____ when she delivered her baby.

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. pangs | 2. compressions |
| 3. successions | 4. upheavals |

118. Most of the _____ lands in the north are severely damaged because of the floods.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. fertile | 2. tilting |
| 2. heaving | 4. collapsing |

119. Changing the _____ of the school can create a pleasant atmosphere for learning.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. scene | 2. upheaval |
| 3. landscape | 4. succession |

120. The moon _____ towards the earth naturally while it is revolving.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| 1. tops | 2. changes |
| 3. heaves | 4. Tilts |

เฉลยบทที่ 1

Exercise 1

- | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|
| 1. Common | 2. Abstract | 3. Proper | 4. Common | 5. Collective |
| 6. Material | 7. Collective | 8. Material | 9. Abstract | 10. Noun
Equivalent |
| 11. Collective | 12. Compound | 13. Agent | 14. Agent | 15. Abstract |
| 16. Abstract | 17. Collective | 18. Proper | 19. Material | 20. Agent |

Exercise 2

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Uncountable | 2. Uncountable | 3. Countable | 4. Countable |
| 5. Uncountable | 6. Uncountable | 7. Countable | 8. Countable |
| 9. Countable | 10. Countable and
Uncountable | 11. Uncountable | 12. Uncountable |
| 13. Uncountable | 14. Countable and
Uncountable | 15. Countable and
Uncountable | 16. Countable |
| 17. Uncountable | 18. Countable and
Uncountable | 19. Countable and
Uncountable | 20. Uncountable |
| 21. Countable | 22. Countable | 23. Countable | 24. Uncountable |
| 25. Countable and
Uncountable | 26. Countable and
Uncountable | 27. Uncountable | 28. Uncountable |
| 29. Countable | 30. Countable | | |

Exercise 3

professor, courage, star, fun, notebook, help, hospital, hospitality,
waterfall, recreation, receipt, violence, aeroplane, sociology, Portuguese, castle,

brick, swimming, hockey, maid, exercising, lightning, gravity, cave, forest, rain,
sugar, university, building, liquor, meat, iron, pillow, money, grammar, space

Exercise 4

Is, rich, team, papaya, sing, childhood, early, strength, cannot, pencil,
shoe, Alice, tall, school, power, beauty, Edward, Park Street, soon, writer, flock,
singer, badness, anger, river, quickly, joy, elk, now, mountain, buys, Friday, Mt.
Everest, belong, tomorrow

Exercise 5

Atlantic Ocean, sea, water, wind, monsoon, The Nile, The Bible, book,
pencil, bank, Rex cinema, school, cinema, bus, King's College, pen, house

Exercise 6

beauty, box, goodness, table, ball, height, joy, whiteness, sweetness,
house, car, smoke, speed, hunger, depth, feeling, sorrow, lorry, bus, radio

Exercise 7

Richard, David, girl, brother, box, dictionary, Kuala Lumpur, night, dog,
rain, sheep, England, Singapore, air, glass, children, father, wife, Japan, Bangkok
Bank

Exercise 8

bunch, ruler, school, soldier, army, bird, flock, player, team, boy, student,
class, father, family

Exercise 9

possible answers

1. badminton 2. books 3. bread 4. toys 5. bicycle
6. teacher 7. doctor 8. letter 9. dress 10. bunch
11. clock 12. dog 13. chair, bench 14. bird 15. bunch

Exercise 10

1. book → books	17. potato → potatoes
2. chair → chairs	18. foot → feet
3. leaf → leaves	19. class → classes
4. pencil → pencils	20. church → churches
5. shoe → shoes	21. woman → women
6. pen → pens	22. child → children
7. mouse → mice	23. ox → oxen
8. sheep → sheep	24. man → men
9. gun → guns	25. fish → fish, fishes
10. radio → radios	26. furniture → furniture
11. thief → thieves	27. advice → advice
12. nose → noses	28. knowledge → knowledge
13. foot → feet	29. deer → deer
14. daughter → daughters	30. proof → proofs
15. lady → ladies	31. roof → roofs
16. knife → knives	32. cattle → cattle

Exercise 11

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|---|---------------------|
| 1. Africa | → | African | 11. California | → | Californian |
| 2. Algeria | → | Algerian | 12. Cambodia | → | Cambodian |
| 3. America | → | American | 13. Cuba | → | Cuban |
| 4. Angola | → | Angolan | 14. Egypt | → | Egyptian |
| 5. Arab | → | Arabian | 15. Jordan | → | Jordanian |
| 6. Armenia | → | Armenian | 16. Korea | → | Korean |
| 7. Asia | → | Asian | 17. Libya | → | Libyan |
| 8. Australia | → | Australian | 18. Nigeria | → | Nigerian |
| 9. Austria | → | Austrian | 19. Scandinavia | → | Scandinavian |
| 10. Bulgaria | → | Bulgarian | 20. Syria | → | Syrian |

เฉลยบทที่ 2

Exercise 1

- | | | | | |
|----------|--------|--------|----------|----------|
| 1. a | 2. an | 3. a | 4. blank | 5. blank |
| 6. blank | 7. a | 8. a | 9. an | 10. an |
| 11. an | 12. an | 13. A | 14. an | 15. an |
| 16. a | 17. An | 18. an | 19. a | 20. an |

Exercise 2

- | | | | | |
|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. the | 2. blank | 3. a | 4. an; the | 5. the; a |
| 6. blank | 7. the | 8. the; the | 9. the; the | 10. blank;
blank |

Exercise 3

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. Children; things | 2. friends |
| 3. The flowers | 4. Corsica / The Mediterranean |
| 5. the Museum of Modern Art | 6. The Panama Canal; the Atlantic
Ocean; the Pacific Ocean |
| 7. London University | 8. Manila; the Philippines |
| 9. the Netherlands | 10. the Bahamas; the Maldives |

Exercise 4

- | | | |
|--------|--------|-------|
| 1. The | 2. the | 3. an |
|--------|--------|-------|

Exercise 5

- | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|
| 1. The | 2. the | 3. the | 4. blank | 5. The |
| 6. blank | 7. blank | 8. the | 9. the | 10. The |
| 11. the | 12. blank | 13. the | | |

Exercise 6

- | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| 1. A | 2. the | 3. blank | 4. the | 5. blank |
| 6. the | 7. blank | 8. the | 9. the | 10. the |
| 11. the | 12. blank | 13. blank | 14. the | 15. blank |
| 16. the | 17. blank | 18. blank | 19. the | 20. the |

Exercise 7

- | | | | | |
|--------|--------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1. his | 2. her | 3. your | 4. their | 5. their |
| 6. my | 7. our | 8. his | 9. her | 10. its |

Exercise 8

- | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. today's | 2. Alex's | 3. Mrs. Woods' | 4. Monkeys' | 5. Ms. Rice's |
| 6. elephant's | 7. children's | 8. brothers' | 9. people's | 10. Chris's |

Exercise 9

- | | | | | |
|---------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| 1. any | 2. some | 3. any; some | 4. some; any | 5. some |
| 6. some | 7. any | 8. any | 9. some | 10. any |

Exercise 10

- | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| 1. a little | 2. few | 3. little | 4. few | 5. Few |
| 6. a few | 7. little | 8. few | 9. a little | 10. few |

Exercise 11

1. much 2. a lot of 3. much 4. many 5. a lot
6. many 7. a lot of 8. many 9. many 10. much

Exercise 12

1.

- a the b The c the d the e the
f a g the h a i the j the

2.

1. many 2. some 3. any 4. all
5. no 6. little 7. a great many 8. the amount of

เลขบทที่ 3

Exercise 1

1. herself 2. myself 3. herself 4. ourselves 5. himself
6. themselves 7. myself 8. themselves 9. myself 10. itself

Exercise 2

1. his 2. theirs 3. hers 4. theirs 5. yours
6. hers 7. his 8. its 9. mine; yours 10. Her; Yours

Exercise 3

1. ones; ones 2. ones; ones 3. one; one 4. ones; one

Exercise 4

1. anybody 2. Anybody 3. Nobody 4. nothing 5. anything
6. No one 7. nothing 8. something 9. something 10. Nobody

Exercise 5

1. Both 2. either 3. neither 4. Neither 5. Both
6. Either 7. neither 8. either 9. Neither 10. Both

Exercise 6

1. some; Most; some 2. some; all 3. all 4. all 5. all

Exercise 7

1. no 2. None 3. neither 4. Neither 5. none

Exercise 8

1. the other 2. the other 3. the others 4. the others 5. another; the other

Exercise 9

1. much; much 2. many 3. much; much 4. much 5. many

Exercise 10

1. Who can answer that question? 6. What made her sneeze?
2. Who is coming to dinner tonight? 7. Which one do you like?
3. Whose coat is that? 8. What time is it?
4. What do you like? 9. What are you waiting for?
5. What is the teacher doing? 10. Whose umbrella did Jim borrow?

Exercise 11

1. whose 2. which or that 3. that or whom or blank 4. which or that
5. that or which or blank 6. whom or blank 7. who or that 8. that or whom or blank
9. whose 10. who or that 11. which or that 12. that or which
13. which 14. whose 15. who or that

Exercise 12

1. This 2. those 3. this 4. This; that 5. that

เฉลยบทที่ 4

Exercise 1

1. foolish
2. practical
3. attractive
4. nervous
5. greedy
6. juicy
7. useful
8. humorous
9. educational
10. environmental
- useless
11. friendly
12. comfortable
13. excited,
exciting
14. pleased
pleasing
15. famous
16. typical
17. different
18. dangerous
19. wonderful
20. advisable

Exercise 2

1. some small brown paper bag
2. a nice intelligent young man
3. two grey woolen pullovers
4. these short fat legs
5. an old Spanish song
6. a few small black plastic bag
7. a long patient queue
8. that old Welsh harp
9. his new hexagonal coins
10. all blue velvet curtains

Exercise 3

1. amused
2. disappointed
3. amazing
4. terrifying
5. satisfied
6. depressed
7. bored
8. embarrassing
9. convincing
10. confusing

Exercise 4

1. more careful
2. the happiest
3. quieter
4. the funniest
5. largest
6. happier than
7. the most
8. older than
9. the nicest
10. the most
ridiculous

Exercise 5

1. It was kind of Jim to send us the gifts.
2. It was very generous of them to pay the bills
3. It was very careless of Mary to forget to lock the door.
4. It was stupid of you to lose the key.
5. It was clever of your brother to answer the question.
6. It will be easy for us to pick you up at the airport.
7. It's very common for her to get up late.
8. It will be very difficult for me to fix it.
9. It's necessary for them to take a taxi.
10. It's unnecessary for you to review the lesson.

Exercise 6

- | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|
| 1. disappointed | 2. interesting | 3. wooden | 4. aware | 5. asleep |
| 6. friendly | 7. less | 8. ill | 9. Further | 10. responsible |

เฉลยบทที่ 5

แบบฝึกหัดทดสอบที่ 1

1. intransitive verb
2. intransitive verb
3. intransitive verb; intransitive verb
4. transitive verb + newspaper
5. transitive verb + a letter
6. intransitive verb
7. transitive verb + my report
8. intransitive verb
9. transitive verb +her; transitive verb + medicine
10. double transitive verb +the news(DO) +the Bangkok Post (ID)
11. transitive verb +him; transitive +his wallet
12. transitive verb +the door; transitive verb +it
13. transitive verb +her dog; intransitive verb
14. transitive verb +an apple
15. transitive verb + the police; transitive verb + an accident
16. transitive verb
17. transitive verb + you
18. transitive verb +you
19. transitive verb + its people
20. transitive verb + him

แบบฝึกหัดทดสอบที่ 2 (ไม่มีเฉลย นักศึกษาต้องพิจารณาประโยคที่เขียนด้วยตนเอง โดยดูจากคำอธิบาย)

แบบฝึกหัดทดสอบที่ 3

1. strong
6. valuable

17. The President has expressed himself very well.
tr.v. DO
18. Mr. Brown based his argument on fact.
tr.v. DO
19. They mourn for their beloved parents.
link.v. C.
20. She looked beautiful in that white evening dress.
tr.v. IO DO
21. Jill showed me her new car.
di.tr.v. DO IO
22. Jim owed £80 to Jack.
tr.v. IO DO
23. Father has promised us a trip to Phuket.
di-tr.v. DO IO
24. His colleagues envied Jack his new position.
di-tr.v. IO DO
25. Non-performing loans have caused Thailand a huge problem.
intr.v tr.v. DO
26. The door squeaked when Jack entered the room.
tr.v. DO
27. The medical bill amounted to 20,000 baht.
tr.v. DO
28. Some Thais believe in ghosts.
tr.v. DO
29. Jane will prepare the living room for her birthday party.
link.v. C. C. link.v. C.
30. Bill is responsible and reliable. He will make a good husband.

แบบฝึกหัดทดสอบที่ 5

1. would not *lead* = transitive verb 2. would *become* = linking verb
3. did not *talk* = intransitive verb 4. *has*=delexical verb
- (คือกริยาที่ไม่มีความหมายในตัวเอง ความหมายขึ้นอยู่กับคำนามที่ตามมา นอกจากนี้ *have* ยังมีกริยาตัวอื่นอีกที่มีลักษณะเช่นนี้คือ *take* และ *give* (Collins COBUILD English Usage, 1992:289)
5. *broke* = transitive verb
6. *asked* = transitive verb
7. *had (never) said* = transitive verb
8. *replied* = transitive verb

9. *was* = linking verb
10. *was* (born)= linking verb
11. *disliked* = transitive verb
12. *studied* =intransitive verb
13. *showed up* = intransitive verb
14. *point* =intransitive
15. *would look* = linking verb
16. *rode* =intransitive verb
17. *lost* = transitive verb
18. *said* = transitive verb
19. *can experience* = transitive verb
20. *was* = *linking verb*.
21. *took away* = intransitive verb
22. *moved* = intransitive verb
23. *became* = linking verb
24. *lived* = transitive verb
25. *enjoyed* = transitive verb
26. *played* = transitive verb
27. *was* (reported) = linking verb ; *to have said* = transitive verb
28. *would be* = linking verb
29. *could count* = intransitive verb
30. *involved* = *transitive verb*
31. *kept* = *transitive verb*
32. *had* = delexical verb
33. *said* = transitive verb
34. *am* = linking verb
35. *is* (not) *entering* = intransitive verb
36. *don't believe* = transitive verb
37. *could do* = transitive verb

เฉลยบทที่ 6

บททดสอบที่ 1

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| 1. request | 2. possibility | 3. possibility | 4. offer |
| 5. ability in the past | 6. request | 7. request | |
| 8. ability in the past | 9. ability | 10. ability in the past | |
| 11. suggestion | 12. possibility in the past | | |
| 13. possibility in the past | 14. possibility | | |

บททดสอบที่ 2

1. 1. 2.1. 3. 2 4. 2 5. 4 6. 1 7. 3 8. 1 9. 2 10. 4

บททดสอบที่ 3

1. 2 2. 4 3. 1 4. 4 5. 2 6. 4 7. 3 8. 2 9.1 10. 1

บททดสอบที่ 4

1. 4 2.4 3. 3 4. 2 5. 1 6. 1

บททดสอบที่ 5

1. 4 2. 1 3. 3 4. 4 5. 1 6. 2 7.2 8. 3
9. 1 10. 4 11.4 12. 1 13. 2 14.2

บททดสอบที่ 6

- | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. needn't/don't need to | 2. needn't/don't need to | 3. mustn't |
| 4. needn't/don't need to | 5. mustn't | 6. needn't have |
| 7. needn't have | 8. mustn't | 9. needn't |
| 10. mustn't | | |

บททดสอบที่ 7

1. 'll 2. 'll 3. won't 4. 'll 5. will

เฉลยบทที่ 7

แบบทดสอบที่ 1

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| 1. travelling | 6. listening |
| 2. practising | 7. repairing |
| 3. applying | 8. going |
| 4. getting หรือ having got | 9. travelling |
| 5. being | 10. climbing |

แบบทดสอบที่ 2

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. proof-read/ to proof-read | 9. to read |
| 2. feel | 10. to be |
| 3. use | 11. smoking |
| 4. to e-mail | 12. to come |
| 5. to reduce | 13. carrying/ carry |
| 6. to study | 14. stealing |
| 7. to go | 15. learning |

แบบทดสอบที่ 3

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. queuing | 6. leaving |
| 2. carry/ to carry | 7. to do / doing |
| 3. waiting/ to wait | 8. to make |
| 4. to throw | 9. to pick |
| 5. feed / to feed | 10. smoking |

แบบทดสอบที่ 4

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1. to tell | 4. communicating | 7. to learn | 10. to be |
| 2. to apologize | 5. tell | 8. to help | |
| 3. to work, to make | 6. to offer | 9. to deliver | |

แบบทดสอบที่ 5

จากประโยคในบททดสอบที่ 1

1. is
2. involves
3. considered, was
4. regretted
5. enjoys
6. can't get, try
7. needs
8. had
9. is, don't...put off
10. Don't risk

จากประโยคในบททดสอบที่ 2

1. Can...help
2. can make
3. let
4. Remind, get
5. has advised
6. wanted
7. encouraged
8. told
9. would...recommend
10. allow
11. has stopped, has started
12. warned
13. spotted
14. admitted
15. Have...considered

จากประโยคในบททดสอบที่ 3

1. Don't bother
2. helped
3. hate
4. intend
5. has helped
6. must have taken, remembered
7. do...intend, were burnt
8. tried
9. stopped
10. stopped

จากประโยคบททดสอบที่ 4

1. is
2. was
3. was
4. has
5. Don't be
6. is
7. has
8. is
9. was, was
10. Are

แบบทดสอบที่ 6

1. หลัง learn
2. หลัง is ที่มี One way...this เป็นประธาน
3. หลัง have to
4. หลัง help, get used to
5. หลัง help
6. to help = in order to help หรือ so as to help
7. หลัง expect
8. หลัง opt to , หลัง look forward to
9. หลัง seem
10. หลัง have trouble

เลขบทที่ 8

แบบทดสอบที่ 1

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. a. is | 6. a. study |
| b. has arrived | b. can learn |
| 2. a. flight to Seattle | 7. a. were |
| b. will go | b. was chosen |
| 3. a. speaker | 8. a. flew |
| b. speaks | b. flight from New York to Paris |
| 4. a. was | 9. a. hair |
| b. could answer | b. stretched |
| 5. a. spoke | 10. a. hold |
| b. played | b. are |

แบบทดสอบที่ 2

- | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1. good | 2. terribly | 3. costly | 4. hardly | 5. shortly |
| 6. aboard | 7. fast | 8. hard | 9. daily | 10. Lately |

แบบทดสอบที่ 3

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. well | 2. hard | 3. aboard | 4. direct | 5. (ถูกแล้ว) | 6. happily |
| 7. (ถูกแล้ว) | 8. awfully | 9. (ถูกแล้ว) | 10. (ถูกแล้ว) | 11. (ถูกแล้ว) | |
| 12. yearly | 13. Elderly | 14. namely | 15. purposely | | |

แบบทดสอบที่ 4

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. slightly/badly | 2. very/ extremely/ dreadfully | 3. badly/ severely |
| 4. utterly/ dreadfully | 5. virtually | 6. very much |
| 7. very/ hugely/ extremely | | 8. badly |
| 9. enormously/ hugely/ very | | 10. perfectly |
| 11. very much | 12. very | 13. Extremely/ very |
| 14. much/very much | 15. Very/ extremely/ dreadfully | |

แบบทดสอบที่ 5

1. so high in Chiangrai in the rainy season.
2. beautifully throughout the concert.
3. to eight countries in eight days.
4. noisily outdoors this morning.
5. dangerously along the top of the wall last night.
6. excitedly throughout the match.
7. At home at weekends.
8. Jane became utterly bored with the TV programme soon.
9. I completely disagree with David Brown at the meeting last Tuesday.
10. Good medical care for the poor is badly needed.

บททดสอบที่ 6

1. worse than
2. longer than
3. farther หรือ further than
4. sooner than
5. deeper than

บททดสอบที่ 7 (เครื่องหมาย / มีความหมายว่า 'หรือ')

1. King Rama IV lived much/a lot/ far longer than King Rama V.
2. Bangkok is a lot /far/ much bigger than Phuket.
3. The British drink a bit/a little more than the Thai.
4. Doi Inthanon is a lot/much higher than Doi Suthep.
5. Beef is a lot /much more fattening than fish.
6. Switzerland is a much/far safer place to live than Israel.
7. Angkor Wat is a bit/a little more beautiful than Taj Mahal.
8. In Sweden, people have much /a lot/ far more respect for law.
9. A train is a bit /a little faster than a bus.
10. Socialism will survive a bit /a little longer than communism.

บททดสอบที่ 8

- | | | | |
|------|-------|------|------|
| 1. 1 | 2. 3 | 3. 4 | 4. 3 |
| 5. 4 | 6. 4 | 7. 4 | 8. 2 |
| 9. 1 | 10. 3 | | |

บททดสอบที่ 9

1. *in fact* ขยาย may be
2. *much* ขยาย easier
3. *briskly for 30 minutes everyday* ขยาย to walk
4. *by 30 to 40 per cent* ขยาย could cut
5. *even* ขยาย better
6. *briskly three or four times a day for ten minutes at a time* ขยาย walking
7. *continuously* ขยาย walking
8. *in so many ways at once* ขยาย affects
9. *precisely* ขยาย determine
10. *so far* ขยาย gathered
11. *faster through a muscle* ขยาย flows
12. *in the blood* ขยาย can boost
13. *for 30 minutes a day* ขยาย walking
14. *possibly* ขยาย prevent
15. *not only...but also* ขยาย strengthen
16. *regularly* ขยาย exercised
17. *later in life* ขยาย decreased

เฉลย บทที่ 9

Exercise 1

- | | | | | |
|----------|---------|--------|--------------|----------|
| 1. are | 2. are | 3. is | 4. have seen | 5. is |
| 6. are | 7. is | 8. has | 9. was | 10. was |
| 11. is | 12. are | 13. is | 14. are | 15. wins |
| 16. have | 17. is | 18. is | 19. is | 20. is |

Exercise 2

- | | | | | |
|---------|--------|---------------|-----------|---------|
| 1. is | 2. are | 3. are | 4. are | 5. is |
| 6. is | 7. are | 8. understand | 9. were | 10. was |
| 11. are | 12. is | 13. are | 14. are | 15. are |
| 16. am | 17. is | 18. attend | 19. agree | 20. was |

Exercise 3

- | | | | | |
|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1. is | 2. attends | 3. has | 4. has | 5. has |
| 6. was | 7. has | 8. are | 9. is | 10. is |

Exercise 4

- | | | | | |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|------------|
| 1. is | 2. is | 3. was | 4. is | 5. offers |
| 6. comes | 7. is | 8. is | 9. are | 10. causes |
| 11. is | 12. is | 13. is | 14. is | 15. is |

Exercise 5

- | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------------|----------|
| 1. are | 2. is | 3. Are | 4. attend | 5. are |
| 6. are | 7. are | 8. is | 9. is | 10. are |
| 11. is | 12. has | 13. was | 14. are | 15. were |
| 16. are | 17. is | 18. are | 19. practices | 20. Are |

Exercise 6

- | | | | | |
|---------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1. are | 2. is | 3. is | 4. costs | 5. are |
| 6. are | 7. was | 8. is | 9. are | 10. is |
| 11. are | 12. are | 13. are | 14. was | 15. were |
| 16. is | 17. were | 18. has | 19. am | 20. are |

Exercise 7

- | | | | | |
|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------------|
| 1. are | 2. are | 3. is | 4. are | 5. are |
| 6. are | 7. are | 8. are | 9. love | 10. is |
| 11. are | 12. were | 13. were | 14. are | 15. surprises |
| 16. is | 17. want | 18. are | 19. is | 20. is |

Exercise 8

- | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. their | 2. their | 3. their | 4. his | 5. his |
| 6. their | 7. he | 8. its | 9. one's | 10. me |
| 11. she; her | 12. one's | 13. his; her | 14. their | 15. one's |
| 16. he | 17. he | 18. their | 19. their | 20. our |

Exercise 1. Underline the subject once and the verb twice in the following sentences.

1. Jack moved his apartment last week.
2. Tigers are fed twice daily.
3. Most plants are useful.
4. The building near the city center is beautifully lit at night time.
5. A blind man with a white walking stick has a black dog as his guide.
6. The Greeks can boast about their beautiful structures.
7. This I shall always keep as a token of appreciation.
8. Fog, rain, and dew crowd over the harbor area.
9. Snow covers the mountain peak beautifully.
10. Ruins in many ancient cities around the world are well preserved these days.
11. The newly designed cars are on show at the moment.
12. The truck driver drove dangerously and hit an old woman.
13. After the football match, the crowd left the stadium.
14. Under the trees are many big white benches.
15. In the garden there are a lot of fruit trees.
16. The flight attendants on a Boeing 747 have to work very hard.
17. The singers have arrived in limousines.
18. Inside the cupboard are several gold-plated dishes.
19. This is believed to be a haunted house.
20. The pilots successfully landed the broken-winged plane.

Exercise 2. Write a "C" for a complete sentence, or an "I" for an Incomplete sentence, and put a period at the end of the complete sentence.

- | | |
|----------|---|
| <u>I</u> | 1. At the foot of the hill a pair of lions standing |
| <u>C</u> | 2. I should bring my bike. |
| <u>C</u> | 3. Swimming twice every day in the cold water |
| <u>I</u> | 4. Riding across the mountain is fun. |
| <u>I</u> | 5. A group of bees called a swarm |
| <u>C</u> | 6. Lightning can be dangerous. |
| <u>I</u> | 7. Several fish killed in that contaminated canal |
| <u>C</u> | 8. To be happy is my goal. |
| <u>I</u> | 9. Sugar cane grown around this area |
| <u>C</u> | 10. Ten missing cars were reported this month. |
| <u>C</u> | 11. A merry-go-round is moving slowly. |
| <u>I</u> | 12. Jogging as a way to exercise |
| <u>I</u> | 13. In the valley planting some flowers |
| <u>I</u> | 14. A cat running and chasing mice |
| <u>I</u> | 15. To make a good first impression |
| <u>C</u> | 16. Feel free to ask any questions. |
| <u>C</u> | 17. Watch out! |
| <u>C</u> | 18. We are determined to pass the test. |
| <u>C</u> | 19. Fascinating trips are my preference. |
| <u>C</u> | 20. Open the window, please. |

Exercise 3. Identify the basic pattern in each of the following sentences.

1. Eskimos live in igloos.

S + VI

2. Jogging is a good exercise.

_____ S + LV + complement _____

3. She told him her secret.

_____ S + VT + IO + DO _____

4. The doctor prescribed her some medication.

_____ S + VT + IO + DO _____

5. Many students usually attend classes.

_____ S + VT + OBJ _____

6. Plants need frequent watering.

_____ S + VT + OBJ _____

7. The dancing fountain is beautifully decorated.

_____ S + LV + complement _____

8. Coral reefs are fascinating.

_____ S + LV + complement _____

9. Climbing the mountain tires old people.

_____ S + VT + OBJ _____

10. Diving gives pleasure to sea lovers.

_____ S + VT + DO + IO _____

11. Loud noise gives me an earache.

_____ S + VT + OBJ + complement _____

12. The husband told a lie to his wife.

_____ S + VT + DO + IO _____

13. The boys swim playfully in the sea.

_____ S + VI _____

14. John selected Linda as his new secretary.

_____ S + VT + OBJ + complement _____

15. The stars are glittering brightly.

S + LV + complement

16. The setting sun is mysteriously fascinating.

S + LV + complement

17. The teacher has not made her reasons understood.

S + LV + complement

18. The workers showed their work schedule to their supervisor.

S + VT + DO + IO

19. The diners ordered their food from the waiter.

S + VT + DO + IO

20. Jack got Jane pregnant.

S + VT + OBJ + complement

21. The bankrupt company gave layoff notices to ninety-five employees.

S + VT + DO + IO

22. Sam appeared unwell.

S + LV + complement

23. The conference begins at nine.

S + VI

24. These beautiful shoes were given to me by my mother.

S + VT + DO + IO

25. Jim grows rare plants in his garden.

S + VT + OBJ

26. Those athletes considered themselves the winners of the game.

S + VT + OBJ + complement

27. The plane takes off on time.

S + VI

28. His project sounds reasonable.

_____ **S + LV + complement** _____

29. Don sent a postcard to his coworkers.

_____ **S + VT + DO + IO** _____

30. Sally borrowed some books from the library.

_____ **S + VT + OBJ** _____

เฉลย บทที่ 11

Exercise 1. Underline each subject once, and each verb twice.

1. The villagers appear to be unfriendly, but not all of them look threatening.
2. Monsters are created from imagination; they are powerful and dangerous.
3. students usually wear uniforms; however, they are in casual dress on Fridays.
4. Irene plays cards; Susan plays chess.
5. Some people like apple sauce, but they do not like pickles.
6. The buses don't run at night, nor do the trains.
7. Georgia grows peaches, but it doesn't grow pears.
8. Business hires lots of experienced people; therefore, untrained ones are not wanted.
9. The magazine publishes articles; besides, it encourages short story writers as well.
10. Joseph knows Arabic; consequently, he works in the Middle East.
11. The baker makes bread; besides, she makes delicious cake.
12. Jack enjoys sports; nevertheless, he has to study harder to graduate.
13. The cafeteria serves lunch; similarly, it serves dinner.
14. Mr. Oates cannot sell his car, nor can he sell his truck.
15. The injured were sent to hospital right after the accident, yet three passed away.
16. Pricilla has to come back to work, or she will be fired.
17. George failed the test, for he missed many lectures.
18. Your fee includes your travel expenses, but it doesn't include hotel bills.
19. The old woman gets seasick, so she throws up.

20. We need some cash now; otherwise, we cannot buy more foods.

Exercise 2. Combine these pairs of sentences, using a coordinator.

1. Jones would like to be a programmer, and he would like to be an auditor
2. Patricia looks for a part-time job, for she wants to pay for tuition.
3. Rachel has planned her lessons carefully, so she will make her students understand.
4. Sometimes Ruth gets upset, but he soon cheers her up.
5. Rick didn't like his job, so he simply quit.
6. Rita felt sick, so she went to a hospital.
7. Now he is homeless, and he doesn't know what to do.
8. Megan hasn't found a new job, for she has very little experience.
9. Jane could apply for another job, thus she could return to school
10. Jill is a diligent accountant, yet she hasn't received a bonus.
11. Jim is ambitious, and he loves challenges.
12. The secretary needs to speak up, for the boss may not know her problems.
13. Her failure discouraged her, and she was disappointed.
14. The whole family supported her, yet Linda gave up.
15. Nick is a determined person, so he continues the project relentlessly.
16. Women should receive equal pay to men, or they need to protest any prejudice.
17. A graduate must be well equipped with knowledge, moreover he should accumulate experience.
18. Some companies are very large, so your application letter must be distinctive.
19. Polite people are well-liked, so they have many friends.
20. Do your best, and success will be yours.

Exercise 3

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. 3 | 2. 4 | 3. 1 | 4. 3 | 5. 1 |
| 6. 4 | 7. 4 | 8. 1 | 9. 2 | 10. 4 |

Exercise 4

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. S | 2. R | 3. S | 4. R | 5. R |
| 6. R | 7. R | 8. R | 9. S | 10. S |

เฉลย บทที่ 12

Exercise 1. Write an "S" in front of a complete sentence and an "F" in front of a fragment. Put a period after a complete sentence.

- S 1. I can hear him for miles.
- F 2. Before he left school
- F 3. To make a good first impression
- F 4. As we grow old
- S 5. Watch out!
- S 6. Before you cross the street, look left and right.
- F 7. Until the time has come
- S 8. You must be well prepared.
- F 9. Because we were late
- F 10. Since we could arrange the meeting
- S 11. Please arrive on time.
- F 12. Even before the Industrial Revolution
- S 13. You should dress up a bit.
- F 14. That you may be asked
- F 15. How we do this
- F 16. Small local shops in our area
- F 17. Gradually began as an independent group
- S 18. Some of the shops are still here.
- F 19. Unless you follow the directions
- F 20. Jacqueline, a famous superstar with many award

Exercise 2. Underline the adjective clauses in the following sentences.

Write "none" if there is no adjective clause in the sentence.

1. Swimming is an exercise that is good for the heart.
2. John Adams, who visited us yesterday, graduated from England.
3. The Great Wall of China, one of the seven wonders of the world, is amazing.
none
4. Along the river are boathouses beautifully decorated to attract tourists. none
5. Do you know anyone who is keen on figure skating?
6. Birds that are kept in cages are usually lonely.
7. The window which he broke last night was precious.
8. The curtain, beautifully pleated, is very expensive. none
9. I thanked the woman who willingly helped me.
10. The movie that we saw yesterday was very boring.

Exercise 3. Combine the two sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. I welcomed the guests who came to my house-warming party.
2. She prepared a special dinner which was very much admired.
3. The jewelry which was stolen from the museum last month was recovered by Scotland yard.
4. The office which will be redecorated will be used as the press center.
5. The athlete who has won the trophy is happy
6. The student who is from Georgia is playing basketball.
7. We are studying mathematics which is rather difficult.
8. I like a fountain pen which flows smoothly.
9. The flower vase which is from the Czech Republic is made from precious crystal.

10. The accountant who is very diligent comes pretty early every day.

Exercise 4. Combine the sentences, using the second as an adjective clause.

1. The novel which I read was fascinating.
2. I enjoyed the performance which I saw last night.
3. I found the ring which I lost last month.
4. We recognized the woman who was in our group last year.
5. The villagers whom we asked for directions were very helpful.

Exercise 5. Combine the sentences, using the second as an adjective clause.

1. The party which I went to was fun.
2. The manager whom I talked to two days ago was generous.
3. The supervisor thanked his subordinates from whom he got assistance.
4. The murals at which she is looking are fascinating.
5. The singer about whom I was telling you is sitting over there.

Exercise 6. Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. The judge listened to the defendant whose alibi could not be proved.
2. I apologized to the woman whose coffee I spilled.
3. We reported our lost baggage to the Lost and Found Office who luckily found it.
4. Jill met a man whose son is the president of Dale Corporation.
5. The professor whose course I am taking is challenging.
6. We offer a Thai course for students whose native language is not English.
7. Melinda comes from a country of which history goes back thousands of years.

8. Jane lives in a dormitory of which residents come from many countries.
9. I have to call the man whose suitcase I accidentally picked up after the meeting.
10. We looked at the man whose face was covered with a swarm of bees.

Exercise 7. Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. The town where we spent our vacation was very peaceful.
2. This is the Chinese restaurant where we will have a farewell party for Max.
3. The studio where we produce our documentaries is well-equipped.
4. That is the cupboard where we keep our chinaware.
5. The wardrobe where the film director keeps clothes for his performers is fully packed.

Exercise 8. Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. Monday is the day when we will launch our new product.
2. Seven forty-five is the time when the plane is to leave Hong Kong.
3. The nineteenth century is the period when the Industrial Revolution took place.
4. July is the month when the Europeans usually have their holiday.
5. Two thousand and fifty is the year when they predict a lot will happen.

Exercise 9. Underline the adverb clause in each sentence.

1. If we are late for the examination, we are not allowed to go in.
2. We discounted our products in order that we could sell them all.
3. I saw an accident while I was waiting for a bus.

4. Although they were well-prepared for their trip on the mountain, they found it difficult to climb up in some parts.
5. Lin Lin has made a lot of new friends since she came here.
6. John is a gregarious person whereas his brother doesn't like parties.
7. The police arrived after we had called them.
8. I will be there whenever you need me.
9. Tom is happy even though he is fired.
10. I could have helped you if you had told me about your problem.

Exercise 10. Change the question in parentheses to noun clause.

1. I don't know how old that man is.
2. What the topic of his talk was.
3. I would like to know where you are going.
4. What the boss said was shocking.
5. Do you know when the Smiths are coming?
6. I am eager to know how much this horse cost.
7. Please tell me which pen you want.
8. I don't know who is attending the class.
9. We want to know who those people in blue shirts are.
10. Why they left the country is a secret.

Exercise 11. Change the following questions into sentences with noun clauses beginning with "I wonder."

1. I wonder where John is.
2. I wonder whether we should wait for James.
3. I wonder whether you want to talk to Richard.

4. I wonder where our car is.
5. I wonder who took my briefcase.
6. I wonder if Penny borrowed our bicycle.
7. I wonder if Margaret will cook for us tomorrow night.
8. I wonder who that lady is.
9. I wonder if Jane has had the baby yet.
10. I wonder when you will tell us the result of our exam.
11. I wonder if Jim is in trouble.
12. I wonder whose calculator this is.
13. I wonder what causes earthquakes.
14. I wonder why dinosaurs become extinct.
15. I wonder if there is life on Mars.
16. I wonder where the nearest phone is.
17. I wonder if this bus goes downtown.
18. I wonder where the train station is.
19. I wonder if this word is spelled correctly.

Exercise 12. Change the following sentences into a noun clause.

A. Use "It" + any appropriate expression from the list.

B. Use "That clause" as the subject.

1. A. It is a fact that Aids is a contagious disease.
B. That Aids is a contagious disease is a fact.
2. A. It is apparent that child abuse is a contemporary problem.
B. That child abuse is a contemporary problem is apparent.
3. A. It is too bad that Tom is unfriendly.
B. That Tom is unfriendly is too bad.

4. A. It is unfortunate that most women suffer from matrimonial abuse.
B. That most women suffer from matrimonial abuse is unfortunate.
5. A. It is exciting that stories about UFO are reported from time to time.
B. That stories about UFO are reported from time is exciting.
6. A. It is a pity that Joanne failed the comprehensive exam.
B. That Joanne failed the comprehensives exam is a pity.
7. A. It is a well-known fact that no life can live on Mars.
B. That no life can live can live on Mars is a well-known fact.
8. A. It is obvious that smoking is hazardous to health.
B. That smoking is hazardous to health is obvious.
9. A. It is true children from broken homes encounter psychological problems.
B. That children from broken homes encounter psychological problems is true.
10. A. It is surprising that world "Englishes" are among the controversial topics.
B. That world "Englishes" are among the controversial topics is surprising.
11. A. It is unfair that women earn less than men in many professions.
B. That women earn less than men in many professions is unfair.
12. A. It is excellent that Linda's Chinese pronunciation is near that of a native.
B. That Linda's Chinese pronunciation is near that of a native is excellent.
13. A. It's true that driving on an icy road can cause an accident.
B. That driving on an icy read can cause an accident is true.
14. A. It is unfortunate that the Nobel Prize writer died at an early age.
B. That the Nobel Prize writer died at an early is unfortunate.
15. A. It is excellent that Jack won first prize in the lottery.
B. That Jack won first prize in the lottery is excellent.

Exercise 13

1. 4

2. 3

3. 1

4. 2

5. 4

6. 3

7. 4

8. 1

9. 3

10. 4

เฉลยแบบทดสอบ ชุดที่ 1

Structure

1. 3	2. 4	3. 2	4. 2	5. 4
6. 2	7. 4	8. 2	9. 3	10. 4
11. 3	12. 4	13. 2	14. 2	15. 2
16. 2	17. 2	18. 2	19. 4	20. 3
21. 2	22. 2	23. 1	24. 3	25. 1
26. 4	27. 1	28. 1	29. 4	30. 3
31. 4	32. 4	33. 3	34. 3	35. 3
36. 3	37. 1	38. 4	39. 3	40. 3
41. 2	42. 2	43. 3	44. 1	45. 4
46. 4	47. 1	48. 3	49. 3	50. 1
51. 4	52. 2	53. 1	54. 3	55. 2
56. 3	57. 2	58. 4	59. 1	60. 1
61. 4	62. 3	63. 4	64. 2	65. 1
66. 3	67. 2	68. 4	69. 1	70. 2
71. 1	72. 4	73. 3	74. 4	75. 1

Vocabulary

76. 4	77. 2	78. 2	79. 1	80. 1
81. 1	82. 2	83. 2	84. 2	85. 2
86. 3	87. 4	88. 2	89. 4	90. 3
91. 3	92. 1	93. 1	94. 3	95. 1
96. 3	97. 4	98. 1	99. 4	100. 2
101. 2	102. 1	103. 2	104. 4	105. 2
106. 1	107. 4	108. 3	109. 3	110. 2
111. 4	112. 1	113. 4	114. 3	115. 1
116. 2	117. 4	118. 1	119. 2	120. 3

เฉลยแบบทดสอบ ชุดที่ 2

Structure

1. 1	2. 2	3. 3	4. 3	5. 3
6. 2	7. 4	8. 4	9. 3	10. 1
11. 3	12. 2	13. 1	14. 1	15. 2
16. 4	17. 1	18. 2	19. 2	20. 3
21. 4	22. 1	23. 2	24. 2	25. 1
26. 1	27. 3	28. 4	29. 2	30. 4
31. 4	32. 1	33. 3	34. 4	35. 1
36. 4	37. 4	38. 4	39. 1	40. 1
41. 1	42. 3	43. 1	44. 1	45. 1
46. 3	47. 4	48. 3	49. 1	50. 1
51. 4	52. 2	53. 3	54. 4	55. 1
56. 4	57. 4	58. 1	59. 2	60. 3
61. 4	62. 4	63. 3	64. 4	65. 1
66. 2	67. 1	68. 4	69. 3	70. 3
71. 1	72. 4	73. 2	74. 3	75. 2

Vocabulary

76. 3	77. 2	78. 3	79. 1	80. 4
81. 4	82. 2	83. 4	84. 1	85. 4
86. 1	87. 1	88. 1	89. 4	90. 1
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106. 4	107. 4	108. 2	109. 2	110. 1
111. 1	112. 1	113. 1	114. 4	115. 3
116. 1	117. 1	118. 1	119. 3	120. 4